Paediatrics





When inserting a CVC ensure that

The environment is suitable for undertaking an aseptic procedure, free from non-essential items and has adequate lighting and privacy

cvc type and site selection has been clinically assessed and local policies are followed for insertion site

Any re-usable equipment (e.g. procedure trolley) is prepared prior to insertion and has been decontaminated appropriately as per NIPCM

All aseptic procedural equipment is inspected for product integrity, cleanliness and within the expiry date

Surgical hand antisepsis (surgical scrub) is performed immediately before donning maximal sterile barrier precautions (i.e. headwear, FRSM, sterile gown and sterile gloves)

A sterile body drape is applied and aseptic technique is maintained throughout the procedure

A single use appropriate skin antiseptic is used for skin preparation of the insertion site based on individual patient assessment. Allow to dry according to manufacturer's instructions

A sterile transparent, semi-permeable dressing is used to cover the catheter insertion site.
The site should remain visible*

When maintaining an inserted CVC ensure that

The clinical need for the CVC is reviewed and recorded at least daily and prior to access

Standard aseptic technique is used for maintenance of CVCs including dressing changes Sterile gloves are worn to conduct dressing changes and any contact with key parts/critical sites. A single use apron is worn during procedures where there is a risk of exposure to blood and/or body fluids

The CVC
dressing
(where
clinically
indicated)
is assessed
visually for
complications
at least daily
and prior to
use of the
CVC

A single use appropriate skin antiseptic is used based on individual patient clinical assessment to clean the insertion site prior to performing dressing changes

A single use skin antiseptic containing 2% chlorhexidine in 70% isopropyl alcohol** is used to clean the access hub - "scrub the hub" for 15 seconds. Allow to dry according to manufacturer's instructions

The dressing is changed immediately if visible soiled, loose or skin integrity is compromised. For all semipermeable transparent dressings this should be with the last 7 days

The CVC is removed when clinically indicated (i.e. there are signs of inflammation or when no longer required). A sterile semi transparent dressing is in place and assessed for adverse reactions until fully healed



^{*}If a sterile gauze dressings is used because of bleeding/oozing, this must be changed every 24 hours or sooner if soiled and must be replaced with sterile, transparent semi-permeable dressing as soon as possible.

^{**}if chlorhexidine is contraindicated, an antiseptic used should be based on individual patient assessment. The compatibility of connectors/parts with disinfection agents should be checked via manufacturer's instructions.